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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/615,158		07/07/2003	Jeffrey P. Gilbard	AVR-005	8240
959	7590	07/26/2006		EXAMINER	
LAHIVE &		TELD	FAY, ZOHREH A		
28 STATE	STREET				
BOSTON,	MA 0210	19	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				1618	
				DATE MAILED: 07/26/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/615,158	GILBARD, JEFFREY P.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Zohreh A. Fay	1618					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period well. Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time fill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	I. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on							
·— · ·	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.						
·=	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-42</u> is/are pending in the application.		•					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
—————————————————————————————————————							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-42</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) is/are objected to: 8 Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement						
	election requirement.						
Application Papers	•						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce	epted or b) objected to by the E	Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage 							
·	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
• •	* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
occ the attached actailed office action for a list of the certified copies flot received.							
•		•					
Attachment(s)							
1) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	atent Application (PTO-152)					

Application/Control Number: 10/615,158

Art Unit: 1618

Claims 1-42 are presented for examination.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1-42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ueno (U.S. Patent 6,566,398) and Yano et al.

Application/Control Number: 10/615,158

Art Unit: 1618

Ueno teaches the use of n-6 fatty acids containing oil and N-3 fatty acids containing oil such as DHA and EPA in a pharmaceutical formulation for the treatment of dry eye or dry mouth syndrome. See the abstract, column 4, lines 9-40. The addition of an antioxidant to such composition is taught in column 12, line 25. Yano et al. teach the addition of vitamin E to DHA can exert beneficial effects on organ on organ dysfunction associated diseases. See the abstract. The primary reference differs from the claimed invention in the use of the claimed fatty components in combination and the presence of vitamin E. It would have been obvious to a person skilled in the art to combine the claimed fatty components, considering that Ueno teaches the use of such compounds individually for the treatment of dry eye or dry mouth. The addition of antioxidants in general is also taught by ueno. Furthermore, Yano et al. teach the addition of vitamin E to DHA can be beneficial in treatment of many disorders.

One skilled in the art would have been motivated to combine the teachings of the above references, since one relates to the use of the claimed fatty components individually for the treatment of dry eye or dry mouth, the other relates to the use of vitamin E in combination with DHA as a beneficial factor for the treatment of disorders. Ueno also teaches the addition of antioxidants to the claimed fatty acids for the treatment of dry eye or mouth. To combine components being used individually for the treatment of dry eye or mouth, and use the combination for the same purpose would have been obvious to a person skilled in the art. See In re Kerkhoven, 626 F.2d 848, 205 USPQ 1069 (CCPA 1980). The determination of optimum proportions, amounts or the source of fatty components is considered to be within the skill of artisan in the

Art Unit: 1618

absence of evidence to the contrary. Applicant has presented no evidence to establish the unexpected or unobvious nature of the claimed invention, and as such, claims 1-42 are properly rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Zohreh A. Fay whose telephone number is (571) 272-0573. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday 9:30-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Hartley can be reached on (571) 272-0616. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

